EMPLOYMENT, LABOR & WORKERS' COMPENSATION

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# LANDEGGER | BARON | LAVENANT | INGBER

A LAW CORPORATION

# GO AHEAD AND TAKE A LEAVE OF ABSENCE

What Do I Need To Know?

**Employment Law Workshop** 

By

Alfred J. Landegger, Esq. Michael S. Lavenant, Esq.

The attached material must not be considered legal advice. The sample forms and policies are for educational purposes only. We strongly recommend that you consult with legal counsel before adopting or implementing any of the attached sample forms and policies so as to avoid potential liability.

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#### I. Vacation

- A. Neither federal nor state law requires that an employer provide employees with paid vacation or holiday.
- B. However, if vacation is offered to employees, certain requirements must be met:
  - 1. If vacation policy in effect, cannot have "use it or lose it"; and
  - 2. No forfeiture of vested right.
- C. Employer may choose to provide benefits to particular groups of employees.
- D. Cap on accrual allowed technical variation of "use it or lose it" language of policy must be reviewed carefully.
- E. DLSE has taken position that vacation policies which provide that all vacation must be taken in the year that it is earned are unfair and will not be enforced.
- F. Floating holiday or PTO policies may be seen as vacation.
- G. Accrual of Vacation annual or pro-rata.
  - 1. Vacation accrues on a daily basis, regardless of how employer structures the accrual.
  - 2. Employer must pay pro rata share of accrual at time of termination.
  - 3. If employer really does not want to pay "introductory" employees if they leave, then accrual can start after 90th day, etc., but cannot be a subterfuge to avoid the rule (e.g., 5 days accrued in 9 months).
  - 4. Another example of subterfuge no vacation accrues in the first year, two weeks in the second year and then back to one week thereafter.
- H. Exempt employees Cannot reduce vacation bank in less than full day increments.
- I. Payment of vacation Paid at rate earned at time taken and must pay all accrued at separation.
- J. Interaction with leave laws.
  - 1. Cannot force use during pregnancy disability leave.

- 2. Can force use for FMLA/CFRA.
- 3. Must specify that benefits do not accrue during leave.
- K. Short-term plant shutdowns Exempt employees may not have their pay or vacation banks reduced unless the shutdown is for an entire work week. Employer may not force the use of vacation by any employee during a plant shutdown unless the employer has given nine months' notice that it intends to do so.

#### II. Sick Leave

- A. No statutory requirements for employer to have sick leave.
- B. If employer has sick leave, then Labor Code section 233 applies: 50% of all sick leave can be used for care of ill family member ("parent, child or spouse or domestic partners").
- C. Not a vested right "Use it or lose it" is acceptable.
- D. If an employer uses a PTO system, and thereby lumps vacation and sick time, the employer may not reduce the PTO bank whatsoever if an exempt employee is absent due to illness.
- E. Pros and Cons of implementing a PTO policy.
  - 1. Pros:
    - a. Easy administration; and
    - b. Employees do not need to lie about being sick or family member sick more generic.
  - 2. Cons:
    - a. Loses "use it or lose it" status; (b) exempt employees cannot lose either partial or full day's pay or PTO for illness;
    - b. Employees are entitled to use up to ½ to care for family members; and
    - c. Vested right must pay out at separation.
- F. Can force FMLA/CFRA leave employees to use sick leave concurrently if employee is ill or injured.

#### III. Leaves Related To Medical Conditions

#### A. FMLA/CFRA Leave

- 1. FMLA federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 USC §§ 2601 et seq.).
- 2. CFRA California Family Rights Act (Cal. Gov. Code § 12945.2).
- 3. Covers all public employers and private employers with 50 or more employees working within 75 miles of each other.
- 4. Employee must have worked at least 1,250 hours in the 12 months preceding the leave request.

#### 5. Leave allowed for:

- a. Birth of a child, placement for adoption or foster care of a child;
- b. Care for spouse, child or parent with a serious health condition;
- c. Employee who is suffering from a serious health condition that renders the employee to be unable to perform functions of the position.

#### 6. Serious Health Condition:

- a. A condition requiring hospital care as an inpatient;
- b. A condition that requires treatment and causes incapacity lasting more than three (3) consecutive days with treatment during that time period;
- c. Pregnancy or related conditions (FMLA only);
- d. Chronic conditions that require ongoing treatment;
- e. Permanent and long-term conditions that require supervision; or
- f. A condition that requires multiple treatments.
- 7. Intermittent leave allowed.
- 8. Second and third opinions allowed, but employer must pay for subsequent opinions.

- 9. Notice responsibilities of employer employer is responsible for designating.
- 10. Certification requirements employee may be required to obtain medical certification.

#### 11. Rights:

- a. Employee is allowed to continue health care coverage.
  - (1) Employer must pay its share of employee medical premiums, but if employee does not return, employer can get reimbursement.
- b. Employee is entitled to be reinstated to the same or an equivalent position, subject to certain exceptions.

# B. Americans With Disabilities Act (ADA) and California Disability Leave Laws (42 U.S.C. § 12211; Cal. Gov. Code §§ 12940, 12940.3)

- 1. California law favors the employee.
- 2. ADA applies to public agencies, and private employers with 15 or more employees.
- 3. State law covers public agencies; and private employers with 5 or more employees.
- 4. Protects an employee who has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, or has a record of such impairment, or is regarded as having such impairment.
  - a. State definition deletes the term "substantially."
- 5. Qualified individual with a disability is entitled to a "Reasonable accommodation."
  - a. "Essential" v. "non-essential" functions and need for job descriptions.
  - b. Other factors involved in whether employer must accommodate (cost, undue hardship).
  - c. Engage in interactive process with employee to determine what accommodation is requested and whether such accommodations are feasible.

- 6. Types of Accommodation:
  - a. Restructuring of position;
  - b. Leave of absence;
  - c. Modified or part-time schedule;
  - d. Modified workplace policies;
  - e. Reassignment.
- 7. Disability leave may interact with FMLA/CFRA, Pregnancy, and/or Workers Compensation Leave.

# C. <u>Pregnancy Related Disability</u> (FEHA-Gov. Code § 12945)

- 1. Must have 5 or more employees.
- 2. Four months "or equivalent."
  - a. Generally 88 working days.
  - b. Part-time employees get equivalent so could be longer than 4 mos.
- 3. No requirement that employee be on payroll for any period of time before benefit allowed.
- 4. Reasonable accommodation.
  - a. 1st option modify existing job.
  - b. 2nd option move to light duty position.
  - c. 3rd option leave of absence.
- 5. Coordination with State Disability Insurance payments.
- 6. Can force use of sick time, but not vacation or PTO.
- 7. Must return to same position or equivalent.
- 8. No need to pay medical premiums unless company does so in other medical situations.

### D. Interaction of Pregnancy Disability Leave, FMLA and CFRA

- 1. FMLA and the first 12 weeks of Pregnancy Disability Leave should run concurrently.
- 2. CFRA may be used after exhaustion of PDL if circumstances are appropriate and job must be held open.

### E. Workers Compensation

- 1. Industrial injuries covered (physical and mental).
- 2. Length of leave no maximum.
- 3. Leave determined by employee's desire/ability to return to same position or utilize vocation rehabilitation benefits.
- 4. Pursuant to Labor Code §132a, employee cannot be treated differently in regards to the terms and conditions of employee due to the occupational injury.
- 5. Part-time/reduced duties.
  - a. Not required to place employees.
  - b. Re-training only if training provided in other leave contexts.
  - c. Can adjust wage/salary downward.
  - d. Can discontinue reduced schedule.
- 6. Filling the employee's position.
  - a. Temporary replacement.
  - b. "Permanent replacement."
  - c. Depends on business necessity, training difficulties, length of time gone.
- 7. When the employee is ready to return.
  - a. Generally must bring back to same or equivalent position.
  - b. Need not bump replacement if business necessity, passage of time, etc. justify replacement (high standard).

c. Need not bump employee from other position to accommodate returning employee.

#### F. State Disability Insurance

- 1. Employees may receive benefits from the state for a non-industrial illness or injury.
- 2. Employer need not hold the position, although there may be ADA implications that overlap.

### G. Family Temporary Disability Insurance

- 1. Now referred to as "Paid Family Leave."
- 2. Effective January 1, 2004, employers will begin deducting, on behalf of the state, from employee paychecks for FTDI. Employees will be entitled to take FTDI beginning July 1, 2004.
- 3. This program provides up to six (6) weeks per year of partial wage replacement for employees who miss work to care for a sick family member or a newborn, or newly placed adopted or foster child.
- 4. The law applies even if the employee has only been with the company a short period of time, and would overlap with FMLA and CFRA rights, to the extent the employee (and the employer) qualified.
- 5. The benefit is similar to SDI, in that the employer need not hold the employee's position.
- 6. An employer can require employees to use up to two weeks of accrued vacation before using FTDI benefits.
- 7. There is also a seven (7)-day waiting period before the employee is eligible.
- 8. Carefully-worded policies should be implemented through handbooks.
- 9. Notice requirements obligate employees to provide information to new employees and employees utilizing the leave after July 1, 2004.

#### IV. Miscellaneous Leaves

- A. Voting (California Election Code §§ 14000-14002)
  - 1. Applies to all public and private employers.
  - 2. If not enough time to vote outside working hours in statewide election can take time off during work hours.
  - 3. Employer must pay up to two hours and any additional time that is needed is unpaid.
  - 4. Must be at start or end of work.

## B. <u>Jury Duty (Labor Code Section 230(a))</u>

- 1. Applies to all employers.
- 2. Section 230(a) prohibits discrimination against employees on jury duty.
- 3. Employer payment for jury duty.
  - a. Not required by statute.
  - b. Non-exempt employees.
    - (1) No need to pay for time missed.
    - (2) Employees may apply vacation or PTO.
  - c. Exempt employees.
    - (1) Must be paid for entire week if only partially on jury duty.
    - (2) Employees who work "after hours" qualify for full week's pay.
    - (3) Cannot force use of vacation or PTO.

## C. Witness Duty (Labor Code § 230(b))

- 1. Applies to all employers.
- 2. Prohibits discrimination against employees appearing as witnesses pursuant to subpoena or court order.

- 3. Need not be paid for time off (non-exempt employees only for partial days).
- 4. Should provide as much notice to employer as possible.

#### D. Crime Victims (Labor Code § 230(b))

- 1. Applies to all employers.
- 2. Prohibits discrimination for appearances in court.
- 3. Need not be paid for time off.

## E. School Visits For Suspended Child (Labor Code § 230.7)

- 1. Applies to all employers.
- 2. No discrimination or discharge of employees for attending suspension meeting.
- 3. Must be meeting called under Education Code section 48900.1 based on infractions specified in section 48900.

#### F. Family School Partnership Act (Labor Code § 230.8)

- 1. Applies to employers with 25 or more employees.
- 2. Parent, guardian or grandparent with custody must give reasonable notice to attend school or day care center activity.
- 3. 8 hours per month maximum, up to 40 hours per year.
- 4. If both parents work for same employer:
  - a. Only first parent giving notice may attend.
  - b. Second parent allowed to go only with employer approval.
- 5. Employer may require documentation to verify activity.
- 6. Vacation must be used by employee or may use time off without pay if allowed by employer.

# G. Victims of Domestic Violence and Sex Abuse (Labor Code §§ 230 and 230.1)

1. No discrimination for taking time off from work to obtain or seek judicial relief to ensure health, safety or welfare of employee or child.

- 2. Reasonable notice required where possible.
- 3. If discipline occurs due to employee absence, must be rescinded if employee provides evidence of court appearance within reasonable time after.
- 4. Employers with 25 or more employees must not discriminate if employee takes time off to seek program services, psychological counseling, or to participate in safety planning (medical attention, shelter, etc.).

### H. Volunteer Firefighters (Labor Code § 230.3)

- 1. Applies to all employers.
- 2. No discrimination for taking time off to perform volunteer firefighter emergency duties.
- 3. Does not apply to public safety agency or emergency medical services provider if agency determines that employee's absence would hinder availability of services.

# I. Employee Literacy Education Assistance Act (Labor Code §§ 1040-1044)

- 1. Must have 25 or more employees.
- 2. Requires reasonable accommodation and assistance to employee who:
  - a. Discloses illiteracy;
  - b: Requests assistance in enrolling in adult literacy program;
    - (1) Provide information and location; possible on-site by provider.
- 3. No obligation by employer to pay for program or provide time off with pay.
- 4. Must reasonably safeguard employee privacy.

#### J. Military Leave

- 1. State law protection Military and Veteran's Code section 394 prohibits discrimination by private employers.
- 2. Federal law prohibits discrimination against members of "uniformed services" (broadly defined) 38 U.S.C. § 4301 et seq.

- 3. **NEW** *Military Spouse Leave (AB 392)* This bill was signed by Governor Schwarzenegger on October 9, 2007 and took effect immediately. This new law states that California businesses employing 25 or more people must give up to 10 unpaid days off to any "qualified" employee whose spouse is on leave from military deployment.
  - a. Under AB 392, a qualified employee is one who works more than 20 hours per week whose spouse is a member of the Armed Forces, National Guard or Reserves who has been deployed during a period of military conflict.
  - b. Employees who desire to take time off pursuant to this policy must provide a copy of the official notice that the qualified member will be on leave to their supervisor and the Human Resources Department no later than two (2) business days after the employee receives the official notice.

#### K. <u>Drug and Alcohol Rehabilitation</u>

- 1. 25 or more employees required.
- 2. Employee must come forward voluntarily and request to enter rehabilitation program.
- 3. No time limit in statute.
- 4. Employer must hold job.
- 5. "Last Chance Agreement" allowed.

#### L. Bereavement

- 1. No statutory requirements.
- 2. Can require use of PTO or vacation.

#### UNDER THE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT

#### **Basic Leave Entitlement**

FMLA requires covered employers to provide up to 12 weeks of unpaid, jobprotected leave to eligible employees for the following reasons:

- For incapacity due to pregnancy, prenatal medical care or child birth;
- To care for the employee's child after birth, or placement for adoption or foster care;
- To care for the employee's spouse, son or daughter, or parent, who has a serious health condition; or
- For a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the employee's job.

#### Military Family Leave Entitlements

Eligible employees with a spouse, son, daughter, or parent on active duty or call to active duty status in the National Guard or Reserves in support of a contingency operation may use their 12-week leave entitlement to address certain qualifying exigencies. Qualifying exigencies may include attending certain military events, arranging for alternative childcare, addressing certain financial and legal arrangements, attending certain counseling sessions, and attending post-deployment reintegration briefings.

FMLA also includes a special leave entitlement that permits eligible employees to take up to 26 weeks of leave to care for a covered servicemember during a single 12-month period. A covered servicemember is a current member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who has a serious injury or illness incurred in the line of duty on active duty that may render the servicemember medically unfit to perform his or her duties for which the servicemember is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; or is in outpatient status; or is on the temporary disability retired list.

#### **Benefits and Protections**

During FMLA leave, the employer must maintain the employee's health coverage under any "group health plan" on the same terms as if the employee had continued to work. Upon return from FMLA leave, most employees must be restored to their original or equivalent positions with equivalent pay, benefits, and other employment terms.

Use of FMLA leave cannot result in the loss of any employment benefit that accrued prior to the start of an employee's leave.

#### Eligibility Requirements

Employees are eligible if they have worked for a covered employer for at least one year, for 1,250 hours over the previous 12 months, and if at least 50 employees are employed by the employer within 75 miles.

#### **Definition of Serious Health Condition**

A serious health condition is an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves either an overnight stay in a medical care facility, or continuing treatment by a health care provider for a condition that either prevents the employee from performing the functions of the employee's job, or prevents the qualified family member from participating in school or other daily activities.

Subject to certain conditions, the continuing treatment requirement may be met by a period of incapacity of more than 3 consecutive calendar days combined with at least two visits to a health care provider or one visit and a regimen of continuing treatment, or incapacity due to pregnancy, or incapacity due to a chronic condition. Other conditions may meet the definition of continuing treatment.

#### Use of Leave

An employee does not need to use this leave entitlement in one block. Leave can be taken intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule when medically necessary. Employees must make reasonable efforts to schedule leave for planned medical treatment so as not to unduly disrupt the employer's operations. Leave due to qualifying exigencies may also be taken on an intermittent basis.

#### Substitution of Paid Leave for Unpaid Leave

Employees may choose or employers may require use of accrued paid leave while taking FMLA leave. In order to use paid leave for FMLA leave, employees must comply with the employer's normal paid leave policies.

#### Employee Responsibilities

Employees must provide 30 days advance notice of the need to take FMLA leave when the need is foreseeable. When 30 days notice is not possible, the employee must provide notice as soon as practicable and generally must comply with an employer's normal call-in procedures.

Employees must provide sufficient information for the employer to determine if the leave may qualify for FMLA protection and the anticipated timing and duration of the leave. Sufficient information may include that the employee is unable to perform job functions, the family member is unable to perform daily activities, the need for hospitalization or continuing treatment by a health care provider, or circumstances supporting the need for military family leave. Employees also must inform the employer if the requested leave is for a reason for which FMLA leave was previously taken or certified. Employees also may be required to provide a certification and periodic recertification supporting the need for leave.

#### **Employer Responsibilities**

Covered employers must inform employees requesting leave whether they are eligible under FMLA. If they are, the notice must specify any additional information required as well as the employees' rights and responsibilities. If they are not eligible, the employer must provide a reason for the ineligibility.

Covered employers must inform employees if leave will be designated as FMLA-protected and the amount of leave counted against the employee's leave entitlement. If the employer determines that the leave is not FMLA-protected, the employer must notify the employee.

#### Unlawful Acts by Employers

FMLA makes it unlawful for any employer to:

- Interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of any right provided under FMLA;
- Discharge or discriminate against any person for opposing any practice made unlawful by FMLA or for involvement in any proceeding under or relating to FMLA.

#### Enforcement

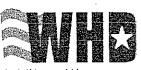
An employee may file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Labor or may bring a private lawsuit against an employer.

FMLA does not affect any Federal or State law prohibiting discrimination, or supersede any State or local law or collective bargaining agreement which provides greater family or medical leave rights.

FMLA section 109 (29 U.S.C. § 2619) requires FMLA covered employers to post the text of this notice. Regulations 29 C.F.R. § 825.300(a) may require additional disclosures.



For additional information: 1-866-40S-WAGE (1-866-487-9243) T1Y: 1-877-889-5627 WWW.WAGEHOUR.DOL.GOV



1.5. Was and Hour Owision

WIIO Publication 1420 Revised January 2009

Certification of Health Care Provider for Employee's Serious Health Condition (Family and Medical Leave Act)

# U.S. Department of Labor



OMB Control Number; 1215-0181

Wage and Hour Division

Expires: 12/31/2011

# SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYER INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYER: The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that an employer may require an employee seeking FMLA protections because of a need for leave due to a serious health condition to submit a medical certification issued by the employee's health care provider. Please complete Section I before giving this form to your employee. Your response is voluntary. While you are not required to use this form, you may not ask the employee to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations, 29 C.F.R. §§ 825.306-825.308. Employers must generally maintain records and documents relating to medical certifications, recertifications, or medical histories of employees created for FMLA purposes as confidential medical records in separate files/records from the usual personnel files and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1630.14(c)(1), if the Americans with Disabilities Act applies. Employer name and contact: Employee's job title: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Regular work schedule: \_\_\_\_\_ Employee's essential job functions: Check if job description is attached: SECTION II: For Completion by the EMPLOYEE INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYEE: Please complete Section II before giving this form to your medical provider. The FMLA permits an employer to require that you submit a timely, complete, and sufficient medical certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to your own serious health condition. If requested by your employer, your response is required to obtain or retain the benefit of FMLA protections. 29 U.S.C. §§ 2613, 2614(c)(3). Failure to provide a complete and sufficient medical certification may result in a denial of your FMLA request. 20 C.F.R. § 825.313. Your employer must give you at least 15 calendar days to return this form. 29 C.F.R. § 825.305(b). Your name: Middle Last SECTION III: For Completion by the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER INSTRUCTIONS to the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER: Your patient has requested leave under the FMLA. Answer, fully and completely, all applicable parts. Several questions seek a response as to the frequency or duration of a condition, treatment, etc. Your answer should be your best estimate based upon your medical knowledge, experience, and examination of the patient. Be as specific as you can; terms such as "lifetime," "unknown," or "indeterminate" may not be sufficient to determine FMLA coverage. Limit your responses to the condition for which the employee is seeking leave. Please be sure to sign the form on the last page. Provider's name and business address: Type of practice / Medical specialty: Telephone: ( ) Fax:( )

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

Form WH-380-E Revised January 2009

PART A: MEDICAL FACTS  1. Approximate date condition commenced:
Probable duration of condition:
Mark below as applicable: Was the patient admitted for an overnight stay in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility?NoYes. If so, dates of admission:
Date(s) you treated the patient for condition:
Will the patient need to have treatment visits at least twice per year due to the condition?NoYes.  Was medication, other than over-the-counter medication, prescribed?NoYes.
Was the patient referred to other health care provider(s) for evaluation or treatment (e.g., physical therapist)  NoYes. If so, state the nature of such treatments and expected duration of treatment:
2. Is the medical condition pregnancy?NoYes. If so, expected delivery date:
3. Use the information provided by the employer in Section I to answer this question. If the employer fails to provide a list of the employee's essential functions or a job description, answer these questions based upon the employee's own description of his/her job functions.
Is the employee unable to perform any of his/her job functions due to the condition: No Yes.
If so, identify the job functions the employee is unable to perform:
4. Describe other relevant medical facts, if any, related to the condition for which the employee seeks leave (such medical facts may include symptoms, diagnosis, or any regimen of continuing treatment such as the u of specialized equipment):

5. Will the emp	UNT OF LEAVE NEEDED loyee be incapacitated for a time for treatment and reco	single continuous period of time of	lue to his/her medical condition,
If so, es	timate the beginning and er	ding dates for the period of incapa	acity:
6. Will the emp schedule bec	loyee need to attend follow- ause of the employee's med	up treatment appointments or wor ical condition?NoYes.	k part-time or on a reduced
•	re the treatments or the redu Yes.	ced number of hours of work med	ically necessary?
	te treatment schedule, if any d for each appointment, incl	, including the dates of any scheduding any recovery period:	aled appointments and the time
		work schedule the employee needs	
	hour(s) per day;	days per week from	through
Is it me	NoYes.  edically necessary for the NoYes. If so, exp	employee to be absent from wo	ork during the flare-ups?
frequer	upon the patient's medical hacy of flare-ups and the durate (e.g., 1 episode every 3 mo	nistory and your knowledge of the ation of related incapacity that the onths lasting 1-2 days):	medical condition, estimate the patient may have over the next 6
	Frequency: times pe	er week(s) month(s)	
	Duration: hours or	day(s) per episode	
ADDITIONAL ANSWER.	INFORMATION: IDENT	TIFY QUESTION NUMBER WIT	H YOUR ADDITIONAL

Signature of Health Care Provider		Date		
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## PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT

If submitted, it is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years. 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 20 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20210. DO NOT SEND COMPLETED FORM TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR; RETURN TO THE PATIENT.

Form WH-380-E Revised January 2009

Certification of Health Care Provider for Family Member's Serious Health Condition (Family and Medical Leave Act)

#### U.S. Department of Labor Employment Standards Administration Wage and Hour Division



OMB Control Number: 1215-0181 Expires: 12/31/2011

SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYER

INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYER: The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that an employer may require an employee seeking FMLA protections because of a need for leave to care for a covered family member with a serious health condition to submit a medical certification issued by the health care provider of the covered family member. Please complete Section I before giving this form to your employee. Your response is voluntary. While you are not required to use this form, you may not ask the employee to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations, 29 C.F.R. §§ 825.306-825.308. Employers must generally maintain records and documents relating to medical certifications, recertifications, or medical histories of employees' family members, created for FMLA purposes as confidential medical records in separate files/records from the usual personnel files and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1630.14(c)(1), if the Americans with Disabilities Act applies.

Employer name and contact:					
SECTION II: For Completion by the INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYED member or his/her medical provider. To complete, and sufficient medical certification with a serious health condition retain the benefit of FMLA protections sufficient medical certification may resum the medical certification may resum the sive you at least 15 calendar days	E: Please comp he FMLA permi cation to suppor . If requested by . 29 U.S.C. §§ 2 ult in a denial of	its an employed t a request for y your employ (613, 2614(c)) f your FMLA	er to require the FMLA leave yer, your respo (3). Failure to request. 29 C.	at you submit a to care for a covense is required to provide a compl F.R. § 825.313.	timely, ered family o obtain or ete and
Your name: First	Middle		Last		
Name of family member for whom you	will provide ca	re: First	Midd	lle	Last
Relationship of family member to you:		•			
If family member is your son or da	ughter, date of b	irth:			
Describe care you will provide to your	family member	and estimate	leave needed to	o provide care:	
Employee Signature		Da	te		
Page 1	CONTINUE	ON NEXT PAG	E	Form WH-38	0-F Revised January 2

# SECTION III: For Completion by the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER

INSTRUCTIONS to the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER: The employee listed above has requested leave under the FMLA to care for your patient. Answer, fully and completely, all applicable parts below. Several questions seek a response as to the frequency or duration of a condition, treatment, etc. Your answer should be your best estimate based upon your medical knowledge, experience, and examination of the patient. Be as specific as you can; terms such as "lifetime," "unknown," or "indeterminate" may not be sufficient to determine FMLA coverage. Limit your responses to the condition for which the patient needs leave. Page 3 provides space for additional information, should you need it. Please be sure to sign the form on the last page.

Provider's name and business addres	s:	
Type of practice / Medical specialty:		
Telephone: ()	Fax:()	
PART A: MEDICAL FACTS		
1. Approximate date condition comm	nenced:	
Probable duration of condition:		
	vernight stay in a hospital, hospice, or resided	
Date(s) you treated the patient for	condition:	
Was medication, other than over-t	he-counter medication, prescribed?No	Yes.
Will the patient need to have treat	ment visits at least twice per year due to the	condition?NoYes
NoYes. If so, state the	nealth care provider(s) for evaluation or treathe nature of such treatments and expected d	uration of treatment:
2. Is the medical condition pregnancy	y?NoYes. If so, expected deliver	y date:
3. Describe other relevant medical fa medical facts may include symptospecialized equipment):	ncts, if any, related to the condition for whic oms, diagnosis, or any regimen of continuing	h the patient needs care (such g treatment such as the use of
Page 2	CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE	Form WH-380-F Revised January 2009

for	ART B: AMOUNT OF CARE NEEDED: When answering these questions, keep in mind that your patient's need recare by the employee seeking leave may include assistance with basic medical, hygienic, nutritional, safety or insportation needs, or the provision of physical or psychological care:
	Will the patient be incapacitated for a single continuous period of time, including any time for treatment and recovery?NoYes.
	Estimate the beginning and ending dates for the period of incapacity:
	During this time, will the patient need care?NoYes.
	Explain the care needed by the patient and why such care is medically necessary:
5.	Will the patient require follow-up treatments, including any time for recovery?NoYes.
	Estimate treatment schedule, if any, including the dates of any scheduled appointments and the time required for each appointment, including any recovery period:
	Explain the care needed by the patient, and why such care is medically necessary:
6.	Will the patient require care on an intermittent or reduced schedule basis, including any time for recovery?
	Estimate the hours the patient needs care on an intermittent basis, if any:
	hour(s) per day; days per week from through
	Explain the care needed by the patient, and why such care is medically necessary:

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

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7. Will the condition cause activities?No	episodic flare-ups periodicall	y preventing the patient from p	articipating in normal daily
Based upon the patient's flare-ups and the duration every 3 months lasting 1	n of related incapacity that the	wledge of the medical conditions that the patient may have over the new	on, estimate the frequency of the following of the following of the frequency of the following of the frequency of the freque
Frequency: times	per week(s) mo	nth(s)	
Duration: hours or	r day(s) per episode		
Does the patient need can	re during these flare-ups?	No Yes.	
Explain the care needed	by the patient, and why such	care is medically necessary:	
ADDITIONAL INFORMA	TION: IDENTIFY QUESTI	ON NUMBER WITH YOUR	ADDITIONAL ANSWER.
Signature of Health Care	Provider	Date	

## PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT

If submitted, it is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years. 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 20 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20210. DO NOT SEND COMPLETED FORM TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR; RETURN TO THE PATIENT.

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Form WH-380-F Revised January 2009

# Notice of Eligibility and Rights & Responsibilities (Family and Medical Leave Act)

# U.S. Department of Labor

Employment Standards Administration Wage and Hour Division



OMB Control Number: 1215-0181 Expires: 12/31/2011

In general, to be eligible an employee must have worked for an employer for at least 12 months, have worked at least 1,250 hours in the 12 months preceding the leave, and work at a site with at least 50 employees within 75 miles. While use of this form by employers is optional, a fully completed Form WH-381 provides employees with the information required by 29 C.F.R. § 825.300(b), which must be provided within five business days of the employee notifying the employer of the need for FMLA leave. Part B provides employees with information regarding their rights and responsibilities for taking FMLA leave, as required by 29 C.F.R. § 825,300(b), (c).

	- NOTICE OF ELIGIBILITY
TO:	Employee
FROM:	
PROM,	Employer Representative
DATE:	
On	, you informed us that you needed leave beginning on for:
	The birth of a child, or placement of a child with you for adoption or foster care;
	Your own serious health condition;
	Because you are needed to care for your spouse;child; parent due to his/her serious health condition.
	Because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that your spouse; son or daughter; parent is on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or Reserves.
	Because you are the spouse; son or daughter; parent; next of kin of a covered servicemember with a serious injury or illness.
This No	tice is to inform you that you:
	Are eligible for FMLA leave (See Part B below for Rights and Responsibilities)
	Are not eligible for FMLA leave, because (only one reason need be checked, although you may not be eligible for other reasons):
	You have not met the FMLA's 12-month length of service requirement. As of the first date of requested leave, you will have worked approximately months towards this requirement. You have not met the FMLA's 1,250-hours-worked requirement. You do not work and/or report to a site with 50 or more employees within 75-miles.
If vo	u have any questions, contact or view the
FMLA	A poster located in
th i DT	B-RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR TAKING FMLA LEAVE
12-mon	ained in Part A, you meet the eligibility requirements for taking FMLA leave and still have FMLA leave available in the applicable the period. However, in order for us to determine whether your absence qualifies as FMLA leave, you must return the ng information to us by  (If a certification is requested, employers must allow at least 15 redays from receipt of this notice; additional time may be required in some circumstances.) If sufficient information is not provided in
a timely	r days from receipt of this notice; additional time may be required in some circumstances.) If surficient information is not provided in a manner, your leave may be denied.
	Sufficient certification to support your request for FMLA leave. A certification form that sets forth the information necessary to support your requestis/is not enclosed.
	Sufficient documentation to establish the required relationship between you and your family member.
	Other information needed:
	No additional information requested
Page 1	CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE Form WH-381 Revised January 2009

lf your	leave does qualify as FMLA leave you will have the following responsibilities while on FMLA leave (only checked blanks apply):
	Contact at to make arrangements to continue to make your share
<del></del>	Contact at to make arrangements to continue to make your share of the premium payments on your health insurance to maintain health benefits while you are on leave. You have a minimum 30-day (or, indicate longer period, if applicable) grace period in which to make premium payments. If payment is not made timely, your group health insurance may be cancelled, provided we notify you in writing at least 15 days before the date that your health coverage will lapse, or, at our option, we may pay your share of the premiums during FMLA leave, and recover these payments from you upon your return to work.
	You will be required to use your available paidsick,vacation, and/orother leave during your FMLA absence. This means that you will receive your paid leave and the leave will also be considered protected FMLA leave and counted against your FMLA leave entitlement.
	Due to your status within the company, you are considered a "key employee" as defined in the FMLA. As a "key employee," restoration to employment may be denied following FMLA leave on the grounds that such restoration will cause substantial and grievous economic injury to us. Wehave/ have not determined that restoring you to employment at the conclusion of FMLA leave will cause substantial and grievous economic harm to us.
	While on leave you will be required to furnish us with periodic reports of your status and intent to return to work every  (Indicate interval of periodic reports, as appropriate for the particular leave situation).
If the c	ircumstances of your leave change, and you are able to return to work earlier than the date indicated on the reverse side of this form, you will ired to notify us at least two workdays prior to the date you intend to report for work.
If your	leave does qualify as FMLA leave you will have the following rights while on FMLA leave:
• Yo	ou have a right under the FMLA for up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave in a 12-month period calculated as:
	the calendar year (January – December).
	a fixed leave year based on
	the 12-month period measured forward from the date of your first FMLA leave usage.
	a "rolling" 12-month period measured backward from the date of any FMLA leave usage.
• Y	ou have a right under the FMLA for up to 26 weeks of unpaid leave in a single 12-month period to care for a covered servicemember with a serious jury or illness. This single 12-month period commenced on
• Your Fifth ways part of the fifth of the fifth ways part of the fifth of the fifth of the fifth ways are the fifth ways and the fifth ways are t	our health benefits must be maintained during any period of unpaid leave under the same conditions as if you continued to work.  Our must be reinstated to the same or an equivalent job with the same pay, benefits, and terms and conditions of employment on your return from MLA-protected leave. (If your leave extends beyond the end of your FMLA entitlement, you do not have return rights under FMLA.)  you do not return to work following FMLA leave for a reason other than: 1) the continuation, recurrence, or onset of a serious health condition which could entitle you to FMLA leave; 2) the continuation, recurrence, or onset of a covered servicemember's serious injury or illness which would entitle you to FMLA leave; or 3) other circumstances beyond your control, you may be required to reimburse us for our share of health insurance premiums aid on your behalf during your FMLA leave.  We have not informed you above that you must use accrued paid leave while taking your unpaid FMLA leave entitlement, you have the right to have sick,
	For a copy of conditions applicable to sick/vacation/other leave usage please refer toavailable at:
	Applicable conditions for use of paid leave:
_	-
Once v FMLA	ve obtain the information from you as specified above, we will inform you, within 5 business days, whether your leave will be designated as . leave and count towards your FMLA leave entitlement.   If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact:
	at
C.F.R. Person will tak sources estimat U.S. D AND I	PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT Industry for employers to provide employees with notice of their eligibility for FMLA protection and their rights and responsibilities. 29 U.S.C. § 2617; 29 § 825.300(b), (c). It is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years. 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. So are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that is the an average of 10 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data is, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden to or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, epartment of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20210. DO NOT SEND THE COMPLETED FORM TO THE WAGE HOUR DIVISION.  Form WH-381 Revised January 2009
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# Designation Notice (Family and Medical Leave Act)

## U.S. Department of Labor

Employment Standards Administration Wage and Hour Division



OMB Control Number: 1215-0181

Expires: 12/31/2011

Leave covered under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) must be designated as FMLA-protected and the employer must inform the employee of the amount of leave that will be counted against the employee's FMLA leave entitlement. In order to determine whether leave is covered under the FMLA, the employer may request that the leave be supported by a certification. If the certification is incomplete or insufficient, the employer must state in writing what additional information is necessary to make the certification complete and sufficient. While use of this form by employers is optional, a fully completed Form WH-382 provides an easy method of providing employees with the written information required by 29 C.F.R. §§ 825.300(c), 825.301, and 825.305(c).

WH-382 provides an easy method of providing employees with the written miormation required by 29 C.F.R. §§ 825.300(c), 825.301, and 825.305(c).
To:
Date:
We have reviewed your request for leave under the FMLA and any supporting documentation that you have provided.  We received your most recent information on and decided:
Your FMLA leave request is approved. All leave taken for this reason will be designated as FMLA leave.
The FMLA requires that you notify us as soon as practicable if dates of scheduled leave change or are extended, or were initially unknown. Based on the information you have provided to date, we are providing the following information about the amount of time that will be counted against your leave entitlement:
Provided there is no deviation from your anticipated leave schedule, the following number of hours, days, or weeks will be counted against your leave entitlement:
Because the leave you will need will be unscheduled, it is not possible to provide the hours, days, or weeks that will be counted against your FMLA entitlement at this time. You have the right to request this information once in a 30-day period (if leave was taken in the 30-day period).
Please be advised (check if applicable):  You have requested to use paid leave during your FMLA leave. Any paid leave taken for this reason will count against your FMLA leave entitlement.
We are requiring you to substitute or use paid leave during your FMLA leave.
You will be required to present a fitness-for-duty certificate to be restored to employment. If such certification is not timely received, your return to work may be delayed until certification is provided. A list of the essential functions of your position is is not attached. If attached, the fitness-for-duty certification must address your ability to perform these functions.
Additional information is needed to determine if your FMLA leave request can be approved:
The certification you have provided is not complete and sufficient to determine whether the FMLA applies to your leave request. You must provide the following information no later than, unless it is not, unless it is not, practicable under the particular circumstances despite your diligent good faith efforts, or your leave may be denied.
(Specify information needed to make the certification complete and sufficient)
We are exercising our right to have you obtain a second or third opinion medical certification at our expense, and we will provide further details at a later time.
Your FMLA Leave request is Not Approved.  The FMLA does not apply to your leave request.  You have exhausted your FMLA leave entitlement in the applicable 12-month period.

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT

It is mandatory for employers to inform employees in writing whether leave requested under the FMLA has been determined to be covered under the FMLA. 29 U.S.C. § 2617; 29 C.F.R. §§ 825.300(d), (e). It is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years. 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 10 – 30 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20210. DO NOT SEND THE COMPLETED FORM TO THE WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION.

# Certification of Qualifying Exigency For Military Family Leave (Family and Medical Leave Act)

contingency operation is attached.

#### U.S. Department of Labor Employment Standards Administration Wage and Hour Division



OMB Control Number: 1215-0181

Expires: 12/31/2011 SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYER INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYER: The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that an employer may require an employee seeking FMLA leave due to a qualifying exigency to submit a certification. Please complete Section I before giving this form to your employee. Your response is voluntary, and while you are not required to use this form, you may not ask the employee to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations, 29 C.F.R. § 825.309. Employer name: Contact Information: SECTION II: For Completion by the EMPLOYEE INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYEE: Please complete Section II fully and completely. The FMLA permits an employer to require that you submit a timely, complete, and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a qualifying exigency. Several questions in this section seek a response as to the frequency or duration of the qualifying exigency. Be as specific as you can; terms such as "unknown," or "indeterminate" may not be sufficient to determine FMLA coverage. Your response is required to obtain a benefit. 29 C.F.R. § 825.310. While you are not required to provide this information, failure to do so may result in a denial of your request for FMLA leave. Your employer must give you at least 15 calendar days to return this form to your employer. Your Name: \_ Name of covered military member on active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation: Middle Last First Relationship of covered military member to you: Period of covered military member's active duty: A complete and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a qualifying exigency includes written documentation confirming a covered military member's active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation. Please check one of the following: A copy of the covered military member's active duty orders is attached. Other documentation from the military certifying that the covered military member is on active duty (or has been notified of an impending call to active duty) in support of a

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I have previously provided my employer with sufficient written documentation confirming the covered military member's active duty or call to active duty status in support of a contingency operation.

1.	Describe the reason you are requesting FMLA leave due to a qualifying exigency (including the specific reason you are requesting leave):
2.	A complete and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a qualifying exigency includes any available written documentation which supports the need for leave; such documentation may include a copy of a meeting announcement for informational briefings sponsored by the military, a document confirming an appointment with a counselor or school official, or a copy of a bill for services for the handling of legal or financial affairs. Available written documentation supporting this request for leave is attachedYesNoNone Available
PAR	T B: AMOUNT OF LEAVE NEEDED
1.	Approximate date exigency commenced:
	Probable duration of exigency:
2.	Will you need to be absent from work for a single continuous period of time due to the qualifying exigency?NoYes.
	If so, estimate the beginning and ending dates for the period of absence:
3.	Will you need to be absent from work periodically to address this qualifying exigency?NoYes.
	Estimate schedule of leave, including the dates of any scheduled meetings or appointments:
	Estimate the frequency and duration of each appointment, meeting, or leave event, including any travel time (i.e., 1 deployment-related meeting every month lasting 4 hours):
	Frequency: times per week(s) month(s)
	Duration: hours day(s) per event.

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#### PART C:

If leave is requested to meet with a third party (such as to arrange for childcare, to attend counseling, to attend meetings with school or childcare providers, to make financial or legal arrangements, to act as the covered military member's representative before a federal, state, or local agency for purposes of obtaining, arranging or appealing military service benefits, or to attend any event sponsored by the military or military service organizations), a complete and sufficient certification includes the name, address, and appropriate contact information of the individual or entity with whom you are meeting (i.e., either the telephone or fax number or email address of the individual or entity). This information may be used by your employer to verify that the information contained on this form is accurate.

Name of Individual:	Title:
Organization:	
	Fax: ()
Email:	
Describe nature of meeting:	
PART D:	
I certify that the information I provided above is true a	and correct.
Signature of Employee	Date

### PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT

If submitted, it is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years. 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 20 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution AV, NW, Washington, DC 20210. DO NOT SEND THE COMPLETED FORM TO THE WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION; RETURN IT TO THE EMPLOYER.

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# Certification for Serious Injury or Illness of Covered Servicemember - for Military Family Leave (Family and Medical Leave Act)

# U.S. Department of Labor

Employment Standards Administration Wage and Hour Division



OMB Control Number: 1215-0181 Expires: 12/31/2011

Notice to the EMPLOYER INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYER: The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that an employer may require an employee seeking FMLA leave due to a serious injury or illness of a covered servicemember to submit a certification providing sufficient facts to support the request for leave. Your response is voluntary. While you are not required to use this form, you may not ask the employee to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations, 29 C.F.R. § 825.310. Employers must generally maintain records and documents relating to medical certifications, recertifications, or medical histories of employees or employees' family members, created for FMLA purposes as confidential medical records in separate files/records from the usual personnel files and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1630.14(c)(1), if the Americans with Disabilities Act applies.

SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYEE and/or the COVERED SERVICEMEMBER for whom the Employee Is Requesting Leave INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYEE or COVERED SERVICEMEMBER: Please complete Section I before having Section II completed. The FMLA permits an employer to require that an employee submit a timely, complete, and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a serious injury or illness of a covered servicemember. If requested by the employer, your response is required to obtain or retain the benefit of FMLA-protected leave. 29 U.S.C. §§ 2613, 2614(c)(3). Failure to do so may result in a denial of an employee's FMLA request. 29 C.F.R. § 825.310(f). The employer must give an employee at least 15 calendar days to return this form to the employer.

SECTION II: For Completion by a UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ("DOD") HEALTH CARE PROVIDER or a HEALTH CARE PROVIDER who is either: (1) a United States Department of Veterans Affairs ("VA") health care provider; (2) a DOD TRICARE network authorized private health care provider; or (3) a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private health care provider INSTRUCTIONS to the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER: The employee listed on Page 2 has requested leave under the FMLA to care for a family member who is a member of the Regular Armed Forces, the National Guard, or the Reserves who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list for a serious injury or illness. For purposes of FMLA leave, a serious injury or illness is one that was incurred in the line of duty on active duty that may render the servicemember medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

A complete and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a covered servicemember's serious injury or illness includes written documentation confirming that the covered servicemember's injury or illness was incurred in the line of duty on active duty and that the covered servicemember is undergoing treatment for such injury or illness by a health care provider listed above. Answer, fully and completely, all applicable parts. Several questions seek a response as to the frequency or duration of a condition, treatment, etc. Your answer should be your best estimate based upon your medical knowledge, experience, and examination of the patient. Be as specific as you can; terms such as "lifetime," "unknown," or "indeterminate" may not be sufficient to determine FMLA coverage. Limit your responses to the condition for which the employee is seeking leave.

Certification for Serious Injury or Illness of Covered Servicemember - - for Military Family Leave (Family and Medical Leave Act)

Page 2

#### U.S. Department of Labor Employment Standards Administration Wage and Hour Division



SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYEE and/or the COVERED SERVICEMEMBER for whom the Employee Is Requesting Leave: (This section must be completed first before any of the below sections can be completed by a health care provider.)

		or (this is the omprojet of		
Reserves?No  If yes, please provide the covered servicemember's military branch, rank and unit currently assigned to:  Is the covered servicemember assigned to a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient or to a unit				
	First	Middle	Last	
Nam	ne of Covered Servicemen	ber (for whom employee	is requesting leave to care):	
	First	Middle	Last	
		EMEMBER INFORMATI	ON	
	B: COVERED SERVICE  Is the Covered Servicen  Reserves?Yes _	nember a Current Member	of the Regular Armed Forces, the National Guard or	
Part	B: COVERED SERVICE  Is the Covered Servicen Reserves?Yes  If yes, please provide the  Is the covered servicemestablished for the purp medical care as outpatie	nember a Current Member No e covered servicemember' ember assigned to a militatese of providing commandents (such as a medical hol	of the Regular Armed Forces, the National Guard or s military branch, rank and unit currently assigned to:  ry medical treatment facility as an outpatient or to a unit l and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving d or warrior transition unit)?YesNo If yes, please	
Part	B: COVERED SERVICE  Is the Covered Servicen Reserves?Yes  If yes, please provide the  Is the covered servicemestablished for the purp medical care as outpatie	nember a Current Member No e covered servicemember ember assigned to a milita	of the Regular Armed Forces, the National Guard or s military branch, rank and unit currently assigned to:  ry medical treatment facility as an outpatient or to a unit l and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving d or warrior transition unit)?YesNo If yes, please	
Part	B: COVERED SERVICE  Is the Covered Servicen Reserves?Yes _  If yes, please provide th  Is the covered servicem established for the purp medical care as outpatie provide the name of the	nember a Current MemberNo e covered servicemember' ember assigned to a milita ose of providing command ents (such as a medical hol- medical treatment facility	of the Regular Armed Forces, the National Guard or s military branch, rank and unit currently assigned to:  ry medical treatment facility as an outpatient or to a unit l and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving d or warrior transition unit)?YesNo If yes, please	
Part (1)	B: COVERED SERVICE  Is the Covered Servicen Reserves?Yes _  If yes, please provide th  Is the covered servicem established for the purp medical care as outpatie provide the name of the	nember a Current Member No e covered servicemember ember assigned to a milita ose of providing command ents (such as a medical hol medical treatment facility	of the Regular Armed Forces, the National Guard or s military branch, rank and unit currently assigned to:  ry medical treatment facility as an outpatient or to a unit l and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving d or warrior transition unit)?YesNo If yes, please or unit:  Disability Retired List (TDRL)?YesNo	

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a Health Care Provider who is either: (1) a United States Department of Veterans Affairs ("VA") health care provider; (2) a DOD TRICARE network authorized private health care provider; or (3) a DOD nonnetwork TRICARE authorized private health care provider. If you are unable to make certain of the military-related determinations contained below in Part B, you are permitted to rely upon determinations from an authorized DOD representative (such as a DOD recovery care coordinator). (Please ensure that Section I above has been completed before completing this section.) Please be sure to sign the form on the last page. Part A: HEALTH CARE PROVIDER INFORMATION Health Care Provider's Name and Business Address: Type of Practice/Medical Specialty: Please state whether you are either: (1) a DOD health care provider; (2) a VA health care provider; (3) a DOD TRICARE network authorized private health care provider; or (4) a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private health care provider: Telephone: ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ Fax: ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ Email: \_\_\_\_ PART B: MEDICAL STATUS (1) Covered Servicemember's medical condition is classified as (Check One of the Appropriate Boxes): (VSI) Very Seriously III/Injured - Illness/Injury is of such a severity that life is imminently endangered. Family members are requested at bedside immediately. (Please note this is an internal DOD casualty assistance designation used by DOD healthcare providers.) (SI) Seriously Ill/Injured - Illness/injury is of such severity that there is cause for immediate concern, but there is no imminent danger to life. Family members are requested at bedside. (Please note this is an internal DOD casualty assistance designation used by DOD healthcare providers.) OTHER III/Injured - a serious injury or illness that may render the servicemember medically unfit to perform the duties of the member's office, grade, rank, or rating. NONE OF THE ABOVE (Note to Employee: If this box is checked, you may still be eligible to take leave to care for a covered family member with a "serious health condition" under § 825.113 of the FMLA. If such leave is requested, you may be required to complete DOL FORM WH-380 or an employer-provided form seeking the same information.) (2) Was the condition for which the Covered Service member is being treated incurred in line of duty on active duty in the armed forces? \_\_\_\_ Yes \_\_\_ No (3) Approximate date condition commenced: (4) Probable duration of condition and/or need for care: (5) Is the covered servicemember undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy? \_\_\_\_Yes \_\_\_No. If yes, please describe medical treatment, recuperation or therapy:

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Page 3

SECTION II: For Completion by a United States Department of Defense ("DOD") Health Care Provider or

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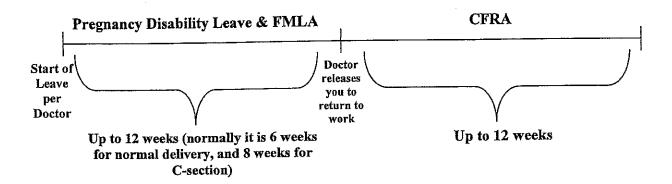
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PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT

If submitted, it is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years, in accordance with 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 20 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution AV, NW, Washington, DC 20210. DO NOT SEND THE COMPLETED FORM TO THE WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION; RETURN IT TO THE PATIENT.

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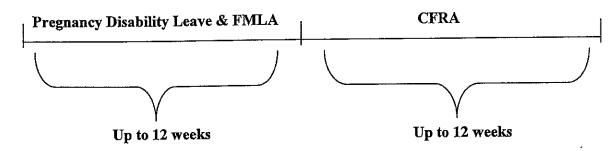
# Pregnancy Leaves



#### PDL & FMLA:

- ❖ First Regional Bank continues to pay Insurance and employee is responsible for their portion
- Your position will be held open while on leave

# How do I get paid?



## PDL & FMLA:

- Sick Time
- ❖ Vacation
- State Disability (7 day waiting period for benefits counting Saturday & Sunday)

#### CFRA:

- ❖ Sick Time
- ❖ Vacation
- Paid Family Leave from State of California (up to 6 weeks)
- \* PDL Pregnancy Disability Leave (4 months)
- \* FMLA Family Medical Leave Act (12 weeks)
- \* <u>CFRA</u> California Family Rights Act (12 weeks)

# LEAVE OF ABSENCE CHECK-OFF LIST

EMPLOYEE:	BR/DEPT:
HIRE DATE:	
	Leave Information
Type of Leave:	Last Day Worked:
First Day Out:	# of Sick Hrs:
Vacation: <u>Vacation days will be pror</u> <u>Absence one month or longer.</u>	ated for Leave of Expected Date of Return: Approx.
BENEFITS:	
Medical Premiums:	§ Voluntary Life: <u>\$</u> (EE, Spouse,Child)
Dental Premiums:	\$ Long Term Care: \$
Vision Premiums:	\$ Colonial Premiums: \$
Conexis Premium:	<u>\$</u>
	Total Premiums: <u>\$</u> ** Premiums calculated at 2009rates
Premiums Due: <u>30<sup>th</sup> c</u>	f each month payable to First Regional Bank.
✓ Leave Memo to Employ	ee *
☑ CA SUI Notice *	
☑ State Disability Form &	Pamphlet or Paid Family Leave Information *
* Received by employee	
Signature	Date
Completed By:	For Human Resources Use:  Doctors Note Employee Change Notice CONEXIS Network Form

# First Regional Bank

# Memo

To:

From: Kim Meyer, SVP/Human Resources Manager

Date: July 8, 2008

Re: Leave of Absence

Your Pregnancy Disability/Federal Family Care and Medical Leave began on June 30, 2008. You have indicated you will be claiming State Disability, as we discussed, there is a 7 day waiting period, counting Saturdays and Sundays, during which no benefits are payable. As of June 27, 2008 you have accrued 12sick days. On the 6/30/08 payroll, you were paid 1 sick day (6/30/08) and you have requested to be paid an additional 4 days (7/1/08 – 7/4/08) on the 7/15/08 payroll.

The maximum amount of time for a pregnancy disability leave is four (4) months providing you are physically disabled from working, as qualified by your physician. The Pregnancy Disability Leave and Family Care leave run concurrently. During your leave of absence you will not be accruing sick time or vacation.

Please notify me when your doctor releases you to return to work, you are then eligible for a leave under the California Family Rights Act. You are eligible for this leave based on: to care for a newborn child. The maximum time allowed for this leave is 12 weeks in a 12-month period. This is an unpaid leave although you can apply for Paid Family Leave through the state of California. The California Family Rights Act leave and Paid Family Leave will run concurrently.

The bank will continue to pay its portion of the group insurance premiums during your Pregnancy Disability/Federal Family Care and Medical Leave and your California Family Care and Medical Leave. However, during your leave you will still be responsible for your portion of your medical, dental and vision insurance benefits. Your Medical Insurance premium of \$345.00 (per month), Delta Dental premium of \$36.00 (per month) and VSP Vision premium of \$15.00 (per month) will be due on the 30<sup>th</sup> of each month. This comes to a total of \$396.00 per month. These premiums

will continue to be deducted from your payroll as long as you are receiving pay. . Should you not be receiving pay, please forward a check to Human Resources on the  $30^{th}$  of each month, payable to First Regional Bank in the amount of \$396.00.

You have 30 days in which to add your new baby to your group insurance if you wish. To add your child to your group insurance, please contact the Human Resources Department. The cost of your benefits will not change, as the premium is not based on the number of children.

Please call me if you have any questions and please sign the copy of this letter acknowledging receipt as well as a copy of the Leave of Absence Check-Off List.

(Circ Mayor CV/D/Director of Liv	man Pasources
Kim Meyer, SVP/Director of Hu	Illali Nesoulces
(Employee Name)	Date

# First Regional Bank

# Notice to Employee as to Change in Relationship

(Termination Notice Pursuant to Provisions of Section 1089 of the California Unemployment Insurance Code)

The attached pamphlet describes California's program for the unemployed. It is a requirement of the State of California that we furnish you with this notice along with the State Pamphlet of Unemployment Insurance Benefits.

The change in relationship information below will assist you in filing for unemployment benefits if you believe you are eligible. Please retain the notice for your records and furnish it to the EDD, if requested, as proof of your employment termination from First Regional Bank. Verification of information should be directed to First Regional Bank, attn: Human Resources, 1801 Century Park East, Suite 480, Los Angeles, CA 90067, or by calling 310-552-1776 and ask to speak to Human Resources.

lame		Social Security #	
Your employment status has changed	for the reason o	checked below:	
☐ Voluntary quit effective:	Date		
☐ Involuntary Termination effective:	Date	<del></del>	
□ Layoff effective:	Date		
☐ Leave of absence effective:	Date	, with a return to work date of	Date
Comments:			
Human Resources		Date	
I received a copy of this notice on			
Date	+	Signature	